24 March 2004

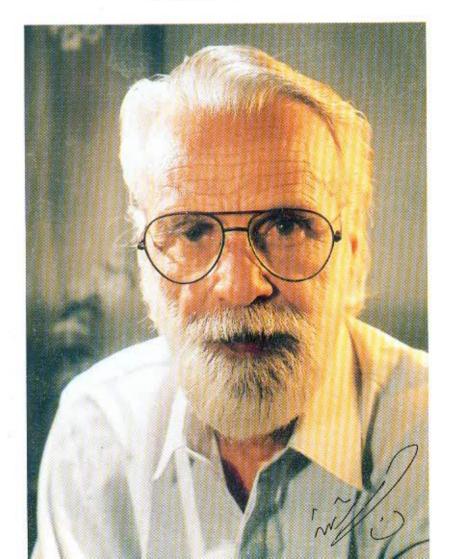




invite you to

meet the author

Bashar Nawaz

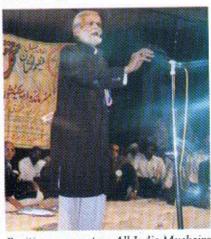




Bashar Nawaz, over the last fifty years, has been regularly publishing his works in several Urdu literary journals in India and abroad. His ghazals and poems are included in almost all the anthologies of the best Urdu poetry from 1960 onwards.

Bashar Nawaz believes in social values in literature, but gives more emphasis in his compositions to the classical approach. It is his conviction that each language has its own strong traditions and classics; they are like a mirror of the social, political and cultural values of the particular group of people who speak that language. No literature can be produced and cultivated in any language without the foundation of the cultural. traditional and classical values of its language community, says he. At the same time, one cannot bind to its language down particular idioms, forms and phrases; a language which has a centuries-long tradition of literature can flourish such bindings. without any Bashar Nawaz, therefore, has an insightful perception not only of Urdu classical poetry but of languages and other Indian literatures.

When Bashar Nawaz started his literary journey, he was influenced by the Leftist movement which was the trend in those days. Bashar Nawaz was fascinated by some renowned progressive writers of the region and coming under their spell, started composing romantic lyrics about a classless society. But the political, economical and social changes which were sweeping across India after Independence made him wriggle out of the romantic lyricism and unreal about evolution social change. Bashar Nawaz felt that in such an atmosphere there was little room for extremism. He, along with his group of young writers, were in search of a new idiom. At that time, one of his close childhood friends, Dr. Waheed article an Akhtar, wrote Baat" which "Sukhangastarana was published in the monthly Saba from Hyderabad. Sayyed Sajjad Zaheer, a staunch progressive writer, made a strong response. This was the beginning of a dialogue between the extremism of the progressive movement and modernism in Urdu literature. Bashar Nawaz, actively participated in those dialogues literary discussions and and articles as wrote defending modernism.



Reciting poems at an All India Mushaira



With wife Chand Sultana and grand daughters

participated in the first Modernist Writers' Conference held Allahabad in 1964. In this conference, senior Urdu writers like Eihtesham Hussain, Amrit Rai, Firag Gorakhpuri and the new breed of modernists like Ramlal, Shamsur Rehman Farooqui, Shahryar and writers, poets and academicians from other Indian languages also participated. His speech "What is the meaning of Modernism in Urdu?" was very well-received, appreciated and discussed.

His poems have been translated in to Marathi, Hindi, Punjabi and Kannada and published in prestigious journals and anthologies. Ten of his poems were translated in to English by Zaheer Ali and are included in the anthology Off the Spotlight, published in 2000. Anwar Sadeed of Pakistan has made special mention of Bashar Nawaz in his book A Short History of Urdu Literature.

In the field of literary criticism, Bashar Nawaz's contribution is very distinguished. At a time when modernism went through extremes and was bogged down by the predominance of Western literary theories, he wrote several critical

articles explaining the importance of the traditional approach and of classics and illustrated as to how, in the context, traditions can sustain literature. He has been persistently arguing that no literary experiment can be of any worth, if it is carried out in a vacuum. A conscientious study of Western literary trends, he believes, is a welcome sign but their unrestrained simulation in the name of modernism and regard without any to literary genius and the classics of Indian languages will lead to undesirable results.

Bashar Nawaz has written lyrics for a few Hindi films like Bazar, Lori, Jane Wafa, Tere Shahar Mein, Shanker Khan etc. Renowned ghazal singers Mehdi Hasan. Ghulam Ali, Talat Aziz and others have sung his ghazals. He also wrote 13 episodes of the T.V. Serial Amir Khusru which was telecast on Doordarshan in the year 1983. He has written 26 episodes of a musical opera entitled Sare Jahan Se Achcha Hindustan Hamara which was broadcast by All India Radio. He has scripted a serial Babasaheb Ambedkar which televised on Delhi Doordarshan 2000. He has also written about 60 radio dramas and performed in them.

His ghazals and poems are included in the school syllabus from 1st to 12st and in graduate and post-graduate levels in various universities.

In the Urdu literary world, Bashar Nawaz, though known as a representative of classical heritage, does not hesitate to experiment with new poetic forms and styles of expression. He has immensely contributed to modern Urdu literature through his evocative poetry, ghazals, critical Though a born poet, he has actively participated in local politics and was elected as a Municipal Councilor with a thumping three consecutive majority in during municipal elections period from 1958 the when he had enjoyed 1972 unconditional political support of Leftist parties.

A CHRONOLOGY

- 1935 Born on 18th August at Aurangabad
- 1952 Completed S.S.C.
- 1954 First ghazal composed and recited the same in an All India Mushiara held at Aurangabad
- 1954 First ghazal published in 'Shahrah' a literary journal from Delhi and was selected in the anthology of best ghazals of the year.
- 1958 Married to Chand Sultana
- 1958-73 Elected Councilor of Aurangabad Municipal Council thrice (Three 5 year terms).
- 1972 First collection of poetry (ghazals and Nazms) Raigan published
- 1973 Published a collection of critical essays titled Naya Adab Naye Masail
- 1977 Received Shri Saraswati Shikshan Sanstha Hirak Mahotsav Award, Aurangabad
- 1982 Received Maharashtra State Urdu Academy Award
- 1998 Published collection of Urdu ghazals and Nazms entitled Ajnabi Samandar



With Zubair Rizwi, Gopi Chand Narang, Waris Alvi, Mohd. Alvi and others